

Students & Service Area Diversity Fall 2006-2010

Office of Institutional Research and Planning
November 2011

Ethnicity

SDCCD Students and Service Area 2006-2010

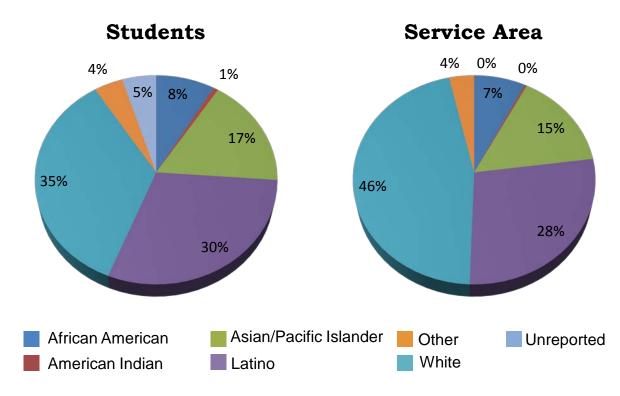
Districtwide

Students and Service Area by Ethnicity 2006-2010

Districtwide, White students represent the largest ethnic group (35%), followed by Latino students (30%).

Consistent with student data, Whites and Latinos also represent the largest ethnic groups within the District service area (46% and 28%, respectively).

Between Fall 2006 and Fall 2010, the District experienced a slight proportional increase among Latino students (2%), compared to a 1% proportional increase among Latinos within the District service area.



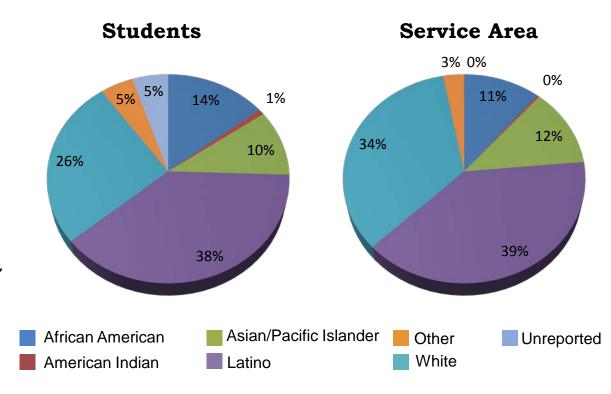
City College

Students and Service Area by Ethnicity 2006-2010

At City College, Latino students represent the largest ethnic group (38%), followed by White students (26%).

Consistent with student data, Latinos and Whites also represent the largest ethnic groups within the City College service area (39% and 34%, respectively).

Between Fall 2006 and Fall 2010, City College saw the largest proportional increase among Latinos (8%), however the proportion of Latinos in the City College service area did not change during this time period. In contrast, White students at City College proportionately decreased by 5%, while Whites proportionately increased by 3% within the City College service area.



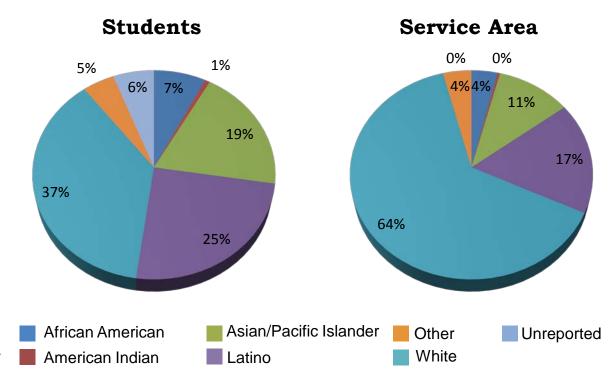
Mesa College

Students and Service Area by Ethnicity 2006-2010

At Mesa College, White and Latino students represent the largest ethnic groups (37% and 25%, respectively).

Within the Mesa College service area, Whites represent the majority of the population (64%), followed by Latinos (17%).

At Mesa College, the proportion of Latino students saw the greatest increase between Fall 2006 and Fall 2010 (7%). The service area also saw the largest proportional increase among Latinos (2%). Additionally, the proportion of Whites declined by 3% at both Mesa College and within the Mesa College service area.



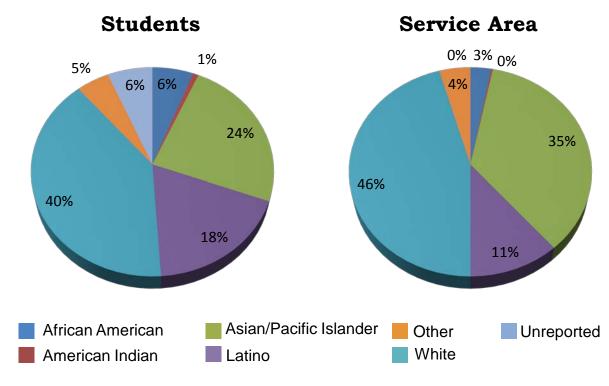
Miramar College

Students and Service Area by Ethnicity 2006-2010

At Miramar College, White and Asian/Pacific Islander students represent the largest ethnic groups (40% and 24%, respectively).

Consistent with student demographics, Whites and Asian/Pacific Islanders also represent the largest ethnic groups within the Miramar College service area (46% and 35%, respectively).

Between Fall 2006 and Fall 2010, the proportion of Latinos at Miramar increased by 4% and the proportion of Asian/Pacific Islanders decreased by 4%. In contrast, within this service area the proportion of Latinos increased by 1% and 5% for Asian/Pacific Islanders.



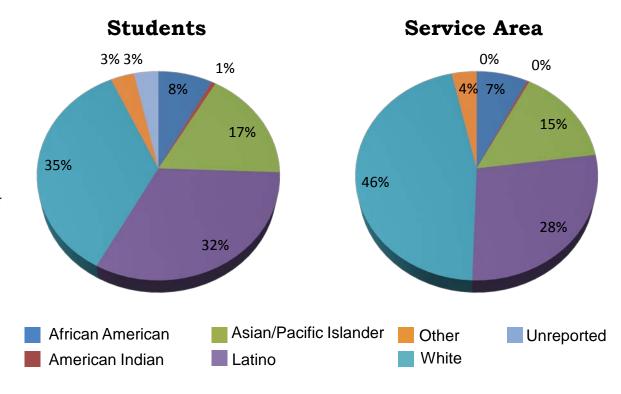
Continuing Education

Students and Service Area by Ethnicity 2006-2010

Among Continuing Education students, Whites and Latinos represent the largest ethnic groups (35% and 32%, respectively).

Consistent with student demographics, Whites and Latinos also represent the largest ethnic groups within this service area (46% and 28% respectively).

Between Fall 2006 and Fall 2010, Continuing Education saw proportional increases among White and Asian/Pacific Islander students (4% and 3% respectively). In contrast, this service area saw no change among Whites and a smaller proportional increase among Asian/Pacific Islanders (1%).





Gender

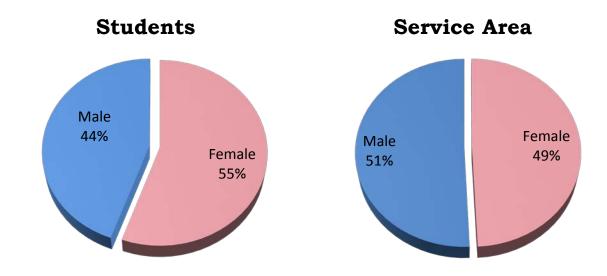
SDCCD Students and Service Area 2006-2010

Districtwide

Students and Service Area by Gender 2006-2010

Districtwide, females represent 55% of students and males represent 44%, whereas within the District service area, females represent 49% and males represent 51%.

Between Fall 2006 and Fall 2010, the proportion of male and female students in the District increased by 2% and 1% (possibly due to fewer unreported cases), whereas the proportion of females decreased by 1% and the proportion of males increased by 1% within the District service area.

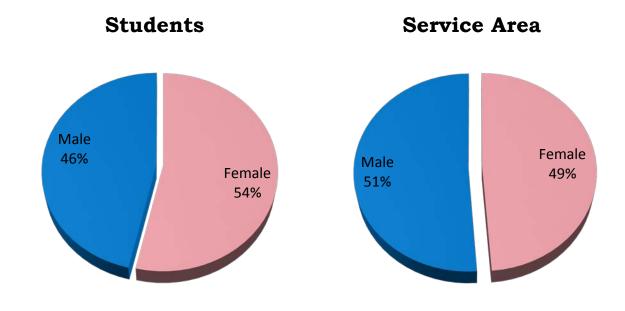


City College

Students and Service Area by Gender 2006-2010

At City College, female students represent 54% of the student population and male students represent 46%, whereas in the City College service area, females represent 49% and males represent 51%.

Between Fall 2006 and Fall 2010, the proportion of males at City College increased by 2% and female students decreased by 2%. The trend is consistent with this service area in which the proportion of males increased by 1% and the proportion of females decreased by 1%.

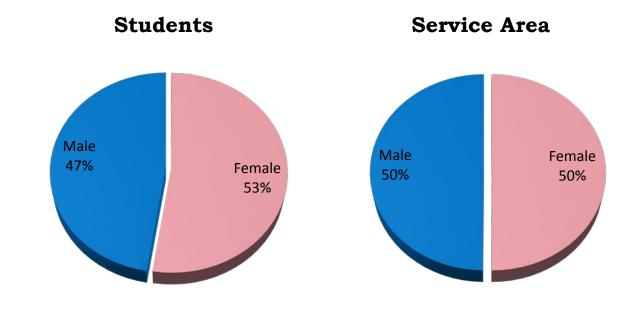


Mesa College

Students and Service Area by Gender 2006-2010

At Mesa College, females represent 53% of students and males represent 47% of students, whereas the Mesa College service area gender distribution is equal (50% each).

Between Fall 06 and Fall 10, both Mesa College and the Mesa College service area experienced a proportional decline of 1% in females and a proportional increase of 1% in males.

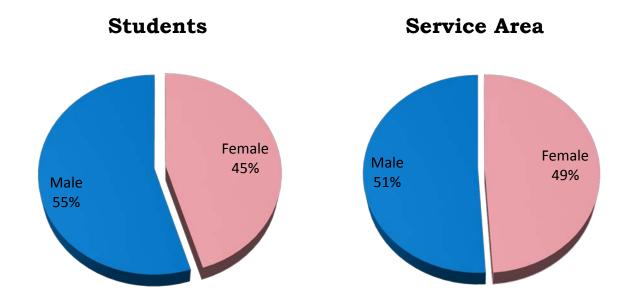


Miramar College

Students and Service Area by Gender 2006-2010

At Miramar College, males represent a larger proportion of students (55%) than female students (45%), whereas the Miramar College service area gender distribution is closer to equal (51% male and 49% female).

Between Fall 06 and Fall 10, Miramar College saw a proportional increase of 2% in males and a proportional decrease of 1% in females, whereas the proportion of males and females in the Miramar College service area did not change.

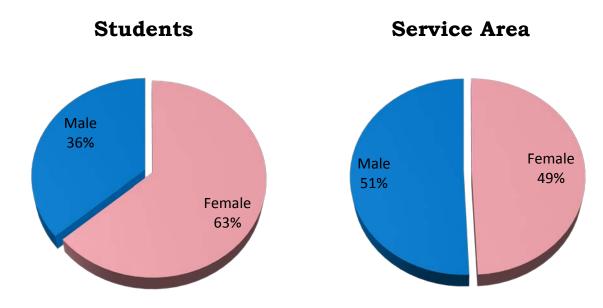


Continuing Education

Students and Service Area by Gender 2006-2010

At the Continuing Education campuses, females represent a larger proportion of students than males (63% and 36%, respectively). However, the gender distribution in the Continuing Education service area is nearly equal (51% male and 49% female).

Between Fall 06 and Fall 10, Continuing Education campuses saw a proportional increase of 6% among females, whereas the proportion of males remained stable (due to a 7% decline in unreported cases). However, the Continuing Education service area saw a proportional decline of 1% among females and a proportional increase of 1% among males.





Age

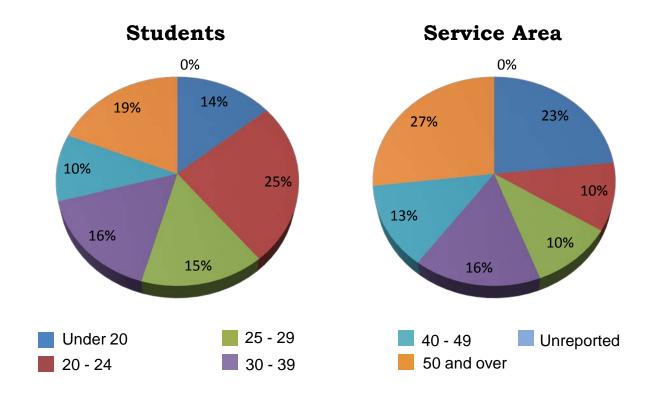
SDCCD Students and Service Area 2006-2010

Districtwide

Students and Service Area by Age 2006-2010

Districtwide, 20-24 year old students represent the largest age group (25%), whereas people over 50 and under 20 years old represent the largest age groups in the District service area (27% and 23%, respectfully).

Between Fall 06 and Fall 10, the District experienced slight proportional increases among 20-24 and 25-29 year olds (1% each), which is consistent with proportional increases among these age groups in the District service area (3% and 2%, respectively).

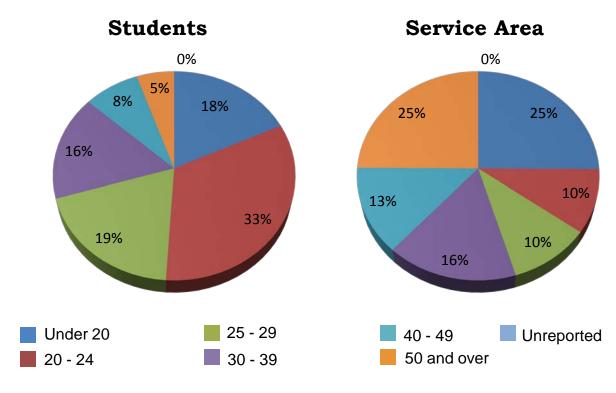


City College

Students and Service Area by Age 2006-2010

At City College, 20-24 year old students represent one third of the student population (33%), whereas in the City College service area, people under 20 and over 50 years old represent 25% each.

Between Fall 06 and Fall 10, City College saw a small proportional decline among students under 20 (3%) and a small proportional increase among 20-24 years old (2%). Consistent with student data, the City College service area saw a slight decline among people under 20 (4%) and a slight increase among people 20-24 years old (2%).

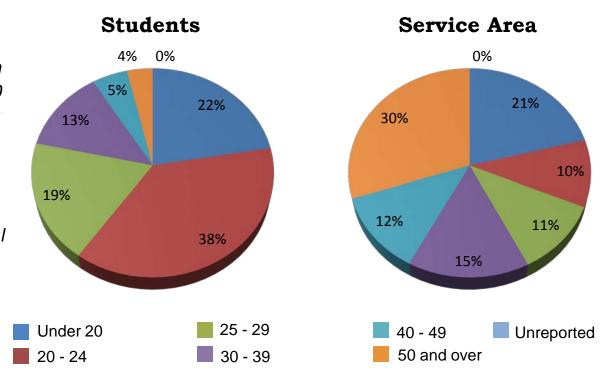


Mesa College

Students and Service Area by Age 2006-2010

At Mesa College, 20-24 year old students represent over a third of the student population (38%), whereas people over 50 years old represent the largest age group in the Mesa College service area (30%).

Between Fall 06 and Fall 10, Mesa College saw proportional decrease among students 20-24 years old (3%). However, the proportion of 20-24 year old students in the Mesa College service area showed a 3% increase in this age group.

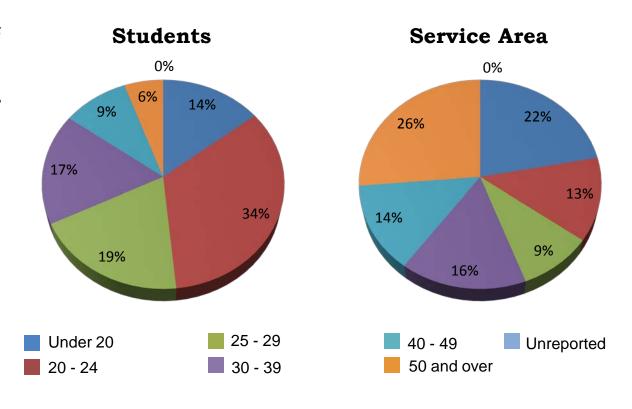


Miramar College

Students and Service Area by Age 2006-2010

At Miramar College, students between 20-24 years old represent the largest age group (34%), whereas people over 50 and under 20 years old represent the largest groups in the Miramar College service area (26% and 22%, respectively).

Between Fall 06 and Fall 10, Miramar College saw proportional decline of 2% among 20-24 year olds. However, the proportion of 20-24 year olds increased by 4% in the Miramar College service area.



Continuing Education

Students and Service Area by Age 2006-2010

At the Continuing Education campuses, students 50 years or older represent the largest age group (41%), which is consistent with the Continuing Education service area in which this age group is also the largest (27%).

Between Fall 06 and Fall 10, the Continuing Education campuses saw the largest proportional increase among students aged 50 and over (7%), however the largest proportional increase in the Continuing Education service area was among 20-24 year olds (3%).

